R859. Sports Authority (Utah), Pete Suazo Utah Athletic Commission.

R859-1. Pete Suazo Utah Athletic Commission Act Rule.

R859-1-501. Promoter's Responsibility in Arranging Contests-Permit Fee, Bond, Restrictions.

- (1) Before a licensed promoter may hold a contest or single contest as part of a single promotion, the promoter shall file with the Commission an application for a permit to hold the contest not less than 15 days before the date of the proposed contest, or not less than seven days for televised contests.
- (2) The application shall include the date, time, and place of the contest as well as information concerning the on-site emergency facilities, personnel, and transportation.
- (3) The permit application must be accompanied by a contest registration fee determined by the Department under Section 63-38-32.
- (4) Before a permit to hold a contest is granted, the promoter shall post a surety bond with the Commission in the amount of \$10,000.
- (5) Prior to the scheduled time of the contest, the promoter shall have available for inspection the completed physical facilities which will be used directly or indirectly for the contest. The designated Commission member shall inspect the facilities in the presence of the promoter or the promoter's authorized representative, and all deficiencies cited upon inspection shall be corrected before the contest.
- (6) A promoter shall be responsible for verifying the identity, ring record, and suspensions of each contestant. A promoter shall be held responsible for the accuracy of the names and records of each of the participating contestants in all publicity or promotional material.
- (7) A promoter shall be held responsible for a contest in which one of the contestants is disproportionately outclassed.
- (8) Before a contest begins, the promoter shall give the designated Commission member the money for payment of contestants, referees, judges, and the attending physician. The designated Commission member shall pay each contestant, referee, judge, and physician in the presence of one witness.
- (9) A promoter shall be not under the influence of alcohol or controlled substances during the contest and until all purses to the contestants and all applicable fees are paid to the commission, officials and ringside physician.
- (10) At the time of an unarmed combat contest weigh-in, the promoter of a contest shall provide primary insurance coverage in the amount of \$10,000 for each uninsured contestant and secondary insurance for each insured contestant to provide medical, surgical and hospital care for licensed contestants who are injured while engaged in a contest or exhibition:
- (a) The term of the insurance coverage must not require the contestant to pay a deductible for the medical, surgical or hospital care for injuries he sustains while engaged in a contest of exhibition.
- (b) If a licensed contestant pays for the medical, surgical or hospital care, the insurance proceeds must be paid to the contestant or his beneficiaries as reimbursement for the payment.
- (c) The promoter should also have life insurance coverage of \$10,000 for each contestant in case of death.

R859-1-502. Ringside Equipment.

- (1) Each promoter shall provide all of the following:
- (a) a sufficient number of buckets for use by the contestants;
- (b) stools for use by the seconds;

- (c) rubber gloves for use by the referees, seconds, ringside physicians, and Commission representatives;
 - (d) a stretcher, which shall be available near the ring and near the ringside physician;
 - (e) a portable resuscitator with oxygen;
- (f) an ambulance with attendants on site at all times when contestants are competing. Arrangements shall be made for a replacement ambulance if the first ambulance is required to transport a contestant for medical treatment. The location of the ambulance and the arrangements for the substitute ambulance service shall be communicated to the physician;
 - (g) seats at ringside for the assigned officials;
 - (h) seats at ringside for the designated Commission member;
 - (i) scales for weigh-ins, which the Commission shall require to be certified;
 - (j) a gong;
 - (k) a public address system;
 - (l) a separate dressing room for each sex, if contestants of both sexes are participating;
 - (m) a separate room for physical examinations;
- (n) a separate dressing room shall be provided for officials, unless the physical arrangements of the contest site make an additional dressing room impossible;
 - (o) adequate security personnel; and
 - (p) sufficient bout sheets for ring officials and the designated Commission member.
- (2) A promoter shall only hold contests in facilities that conform to the laws, ordinances, and regulations regulating the city, town, or village where the bouts are situated.
- (3) Restrooms shall not be used as dressing rooms and for physical examinations and weighins.

R859-1-503. Contracts.

- (1) Pursuant to Section 63C-11-320, a copy of the contract between a promoter and a contestant shall be filed with the Commission before a contest begins. The contract that is filed with the Commission shall embody all agreements between the parties.
- (2) A contestant's manager may sign a contract on behalf of the contestant. If a contestant does not have a licensed manager, the contestant shall sign the contract.
- (3) A contestant shall use his own legal name to sign a contract. However, a contestant who is licensed under another name may sign the contract using his licensed name if the contestant's legal name appears in the body of the contract as the name under which the contestant is legally known.
- (4) The contract between a promoter and a contestant shall be for the use of the contestant's skills in a contest and shall not require the contestant to sell tickets in order to be paid for his services.

R859-1-504. Complimentary Tickets.

- (1) Limitation on issuance, calculation of price, and service charge for payment to contestant working on percentage basis.
- (a) A promoter may not issue complimentary tickets for more than 4 percent of the seats in the house without the Commission's written authorization. The Commission shall not consider complimentary tickets which it authorizes under this Section to constitute part of the total gross receipts from admission fees for the purposes of calculating the license fee prescribed in Subsection 63C-11-311(1).
 - (b) If complimentary tickets are issued for more than 4 percent of the seats in the house,

each contestant who is working on a percentage basis shall be paid a percentage of the normal price of all complimentary tickets in excess of 4 percent of the seats in the house, unless the contract between the contestant and the promoter provides otherwise and stipulates the number of complimentary tickets which will be issued. In addition, if a service fee is charged for complimentary tickets, the contestant is entitled to be paid a percentage of that service fee, less any deduction for federal taxes and fees.

- (c) Pursuant to Subsection 63C-11-311(3)(a) a promoter shall file, within 10 days after the contest, a report indicating how many complimentary tickets the promoter issued and the value of those tickets.
- (2) Complimentary ticket and tickets at reduced rate, persons entitled or allowed to receive such tickets, duties of promoter, disciplinary action, fees and taxes.
- (a) Each promoter shall provide tickets without charge to the following persons who shall not be liable for the payment of any fees for those tickets:
 - (i) the Commission members, Director and representatives;
- (ii) principals and seconds who are engaged in a contest or exhibition which is part of the program of unarmed combat; and
 - (iii) holders of lifetime passes issued by the Commission.
- (b) Each promoter may provide tickets without charge or at a reduced rate to the following persons who shall be liable for payment of applicable fees on the reduced amount paid, unless the person is a journalist, police officer or fireman as provided in this Subsection:
- (i) Any of the promoter's employees, and if the promoter is a corporation, to a director or officer who is regularly employed or engaged in promoting programs of unarmed combat, regardless of whether the director or officer's duties require admission to the particular program and regardless of whether the director or officer is on duty at the time of that program;
 - (ii) Employees of the Commission;
 - (iii) A journalist who is performing a journalist's duties; and
 - (iv) A fireman or police officer that is performing the duties of a fireman or police officer.
- (c) Each promoter shall perform the following duties in relation to the issuance of complimentary tickets or those issued at a reduced price:
- (i) Each ticket issued to a journalist shall be clearly marked "PRESS." No more tickets may be issued to journalists than will permit comfortable seating in the press area;
- (ii) Seating at the press tables or in the press area must be limited to journalists who are actually covering the contest or exhibition and to other persons designated by the Commission;
- (iii) A list of passes issued to journalists shall be submitted to the Commission prior to the contest or exhibition;
- (iv) Only one ticket may be sold at a reduced price to any manager, second, contestant or other person licensed by the Commission;
- (v) Any credential issued by the promoter which allows an admission to the program without a ticket, shall be approved in advance by a member of the Commission or the Director. Request for the issuance of such credentials shall be made at least 5 hours before the first contest or exhibition of the program.
- (d) Admission of any person who does not hold a ticket or who is not specifically exempted pursuant to this Section is grounds for suspension or revocation of the promoter's license or for the assessment of a penalty.
- (e) The Commission shall collect all fees and taxes due on any ticket that is not specifically exempt pursuant to this Section, and for any person who is admitted without a ticket in violation of

this Section.

(3) Reservation of area for use by Commission. For every program of unarmed combat, the promoter of the program shall reserve seats at ringside for use by the designated Commission member and Commission representatives.

R859-1-505. Physical Examination - Physician.

- (1) Not less than one hour before a contest, each contestant shall be given a medical examination by a physician who is appointed by the designated Commission member. The examination shall include a detailed medical history and a physical examination of all of the following:
 - (a) eyes;
 - (b) teeth;
 - (c) jaw;
 - (d) neck;
 - (e) chest;
 - (f) ears;
 - (g) nose;
 - (h) throat;
 - (i) skin;
 - (j) scalp;
 - (k) head:
 - (l) abdomen;
 - (m) cardiopulmonary status;
 - (n) neurological, musculature, and skeletal systems;
 - (o) pelvis; and
 - (p) the presence of controlled substances in the body.
- (2) If after the examination the physician determines that a contestant is unfit for competition, the physician shall notify the Commission of this determination, and the Commission shall prohibit the contestant from competing.
- (3) The physician shall provide a written certification of those contestants who are in good physical condition to compete.
- (4) Before a bout, a female contestant shall provide the ringside physician with the results of a pregnancy test performed on the contestant within the previous 14 days. If the results of the pregnancy test are positive, the physician shall notify the Commission, and the Commission shall prohibit the contestant from competing.
 - (5) A female contestant with breast implants shall be denied a license.
- (6) A contestant who has had cardiac surgery shall not be issued a license unless he is certified as fit to compete by a cardiovascular surgeon.
- (7) A contest shall not begin until a physician and an attended ambulance are present. The physician shall not leave until the decision in the final contest has been announced and all injured contestants have been attended to.
- (8) The contest shall not begin until the physician is seated at ringside. The physician shall remain at that location for the entire fight, unless it is necessary for the physician to attend to a contestant.

R859-1-506. Drug Tests.

In accordance with Section 63C-11-317, the following shall apply to drug testing:

- (1) The administration of or use of any:
- (a) Alcohol;
- (b) Stimulant; or
- (c) Drug or injection that has not been approved by the Commission, including, but not limited to, the drugs or injections listed R859-1-506 (2), in any part of the body, either before or during a contest or exhibition, to or by any unarmed combatant, is prohibited.
- (2) The following types of drugs, injections or stimulants are prohibited pursuant to R859-1-506 (1):
 - (a) Afrinol or any other product that is pharmaceutically similar to Afrinol.
 - (b) Co-Tylenol or any other product that is pharmaceutically similar to Co-Tylenol.
 - (c) A product containing an antihistamine and a decongestant.
 - (d) A decongestant other than a decongestant listed in R859-1-506 (4).
- (e) Any over-the-counter drug for colds, coughs or sinuses other than those drugs listed in R859-1-506 (4). This paragraph includes, but is not limited to, Ephedrine, Phenylpropanolamine, and Mahuang and derivatives of Mahuang.
- (f) Any drug identified on the 2008 edition of the Prohibited List published by the World Anti-Doping Agency, which is hereby incorporated by reference. The 2008 edition of the Prohibited List may be obtained, free of charge, at www.wada-ama.org.
- (3) The following types of drugs or injections are not prohibited pursuant to R859-1-506 (1), but their use is discouraged by the Commission:
 - (a) Aspirin and products containing aspirin.
 - (b) Nonsteroidal anti-inflammatories.
 - (4) The following types of drugs or injections are accepted by the Commission:
 - (a) Antacids, such as Maalox.
 - (b) Antibiotics, antifungals or antivirals that have been prescribed by a physician.
 - (c) Antidiarrheals, such as Imodium, Kaopectate or Pepto-Bismol.
- (d) Antihistamines for colds or allergies, such as Bromphen, Brompheniramine, Chlorpheniramine Maleate, Chlor-Trimeton, Dimetane, Hismal, PBZ, Seldane, Tavist-1 or Teldrin.
 - (e) Antinauseants, such as Dramamine or Tigan.
 - (f) Antipyretics, such as Tylenol.
 - (g) Antitussives, such as Robitussin, if the antitussive does not contain codeine.
 - (h) Antiulcer products, such as Carafate, Pepcid, Reglan, Tagamet or Zantac.
- (i) Asthma products in aerosol form, such as Brethine, Metaproterenol (Alupent) or Salbutamol (Albuterol, Proventil or Ventolin).
 - (j) Asthma products in oral form, such as Aminophylline, Cromolyn, Nasalide or Vanceril.
 - (k) Ear products, such as Auralgan, Cerumenex, Cortisporin, Debrox or Vosol.
 - (l) Hemorrhoid products, such as Anusol-HC, Preparation H or Nupercainal.
- (m) Laxatives, such as Correctol, Doxidan, Dulcolax, Efferyllium, Ex-Lax, Metamucil, Modane or Milk of Magnesia.
 - (n) Nasal products, such as AYR Saline, HuMist Saline, Ocean or Salinex.
 - (o) The following decongestants:
 - (i) Afrin;
 - (ii) Oxymetazoline HCL Nasal Spray; or
- (iii) Any other decongestant that is pharmaceutically similar to a decongestant listed in R859-1-506 (1)or (2).

- (5) At the request of the Commission, the designated Commission member, or the ringside physician, a contestant or assigned official shall submit to a test of body fluids to determine the presence of drugs. A contestant must give an adequate sample or it will deem to be a denial. The promoter shall be responsible for any costs of testing.
- (6) If the test results in a finding of the presence of a drug or if the contestant or assigned official is unable or unwilling to provide a sample of body fluids for such a test, the Commission may take one or more of the following actions:
- (a) immediately suspend the contestant's or assigned official's license in accordance with Section R859-1-403;
 - (b) stop the contest in accordance with Subsection 63C-11-316(2);
 - (c) initiate other appropriate licensure action in accordance with Section 63C-11-310; or
 - (d) withhold the contestant's purse in accordance with Subsection 63C-11-321.
- (7) A contestant who is disciplined pursuant to the provisions of this Rule and who was the winner of a contest shall be disqualified and the decision of the contest shall be changed to "no contest."
- (8) Unless the commission licensing an event requires otherwise, a contestant who tests positive for illegal drugs shall be penalized as follows:
 - (a) First offense 180 day suspension.
- (b) Second offense 1 year suspension, and mandatory completion of a supervisory treatment program approved by the commission that licensed the event.
- (c) Third offense 2 year suspension, and mandatory completion of a supervisory treatment program approved by the commission that licensed the event.

R859-1-507. HIV Testing.

In accordance with Section 63C-11-317, contestants shall produce evidence of a clear test for HIV as a condition to participation in a contest as follows:

- (1) All contestants shall provide evidence in the form of a competent laboratory examination certificate verifying that the contestant is HIV negative at the time of the weigh-in.
- (2) The examination certificate shall certify that the HIV test was completed within 180 days prior to the contest.
- (3) Any contestant whose HIV test is positive shall be prohibited from participating in a contest.

R859-1-508. Hepatitis B Surface Antigen (HBsAg) & Hepatitis C Virus (HCV) Antibody Testing.

In accordance with Section 63C-11-317(d), contestants shall produce evidence of a negative test for HBsAg & HCV antibody as a condition to participation in a contest as follows:

- (1) All contestants shall provide evidence in the form of a competent laboratory examination certificate verifying that the contestant is negative at the time of the weigh-in.
- (2) The examination certificate shall certify that the HBsAg & HCV antibody testing was completed within 180 days prior to the contest.
- (3) Any contestant whose HBV or HCV result is positive shall be prohibited from participating in a contest.
- (4) In lieu of a negative HBsAg test result, a contestant may present laboratory testing evidence of immunity against Hepatitis B virus based on a positive hepatitis B surface antibody (anti-HBs) test result or of having received the complete hepatitis B vaccine series as recommended

R859-1-5089. Contestant Use or Administration of Any Substance.

- (1) The use or administration of drugs, stimulants, or non-prescription preparations by or to a contestant during a contest is prohibited, except as provided by this Rule.
- (2) The giving of substances other than water to a contestant during the course of the contest is prohibited.
 - (3) The discretional use of petroleum jelly may be allowed, as determined by the referee.
- (4) The discretional use of coagulants, adrenalin 1/1000, avetine, and thrombin, as approved by the Commission, may be allowed between rounds to stop the bleeding of minor cuts and lacerations sustained by a contestant. The use of monsel solution, silver nitrate, "new skin," flex collodion, or substances having an iron base is prohibited, and the use of any such substance by a contestant is cause for immediate disqualification.
- (5) The ringside physician shall monitor the use and application of any foreign substances administered to a contestant before or during a contest and shall confiscate any suspicious foreign substance for possible laboratory analysis, the results of which shall be forwarded to the Commission.

R859-1-5109. Weighing-In.

- (1) Unless otherwise approved by the Commission for a specific contest, the weigh-in shall occur not less than six nor more than 24 hours before the start of a contest. The designated Commission member or authorized Commission representative(s), shall weigh-in each contestant in the presence of other contestants.
 - (2) Contestants shall be licensed at the time they are weighed-in.
- (3) Only those contestants who have been previously approved for the contest shall be permitted to weigh-in.
- (4) Each contestant must weigh in the presence of his opponent, a representative of the commission and an official representing the promoter, on scales approved by the commission at any place designed by the commission.
- (5) The contestant must have all weights stripped from his body before he is weighed in, but may wear shorts. Female contestants are permitted to wear a singlet and/or sports bra for modesty.
- (6) The commission may require contestants to be weighted more than once for any cause deemed sufficient by the commission.
 - (7) A contestant who fails to make the weight agreed upon in his bout agreement forfeits:
- (a) Twenty five percent of his purse if no lesser amount is set by the commission's representative: or
- (b) A lesser amount set by the secretary and approved by the commission, unless the weight difference is 1 pound or less.

R859-1-5101. Announcer.

- (1) At the beginning of a contest, the announcer shall announce that the contest is under the auspices of the Commission.
- (2) The announcer shall announce the names of the referee, judges, and timekeeper when the competitions are about to begin, and shall also announce the changes made in officials as the contest progresses.
 - (3) The announcer shall announce the names of all contestants, their weight, professional

record, their city and state of residence, and country of origin if not a citizen.

R859-1-5112. Timekeepers.

- (1) A timekeeper shall indicate the beginning and end of each round by the gong.
- (2) A timekeeper shall possess a whistle and a stopwatch.
- (3) Ten seconds before the beginning of each round, the timekeeper shall warn the contestants of the time by blowing a whistle.
- (4) If a contest terminates before the scheduled limit of rounds, the timekeeper shall inform the announcer of the exact duration of the contest.
- (5) The timekeeper shall keep track of and record the exact amount of time that any contestant remains on the canvas.

R859-1-5123. Stopping a Contest.

In accordance with Subsections 63C-11-316(2) and 63C-11-302(14)(b), authority for stopping a contest is defined, clarified or established as follows.

- (1) The referee may stop a contest to ensure the integrity of a contest or to protect the health, safety, or welfare of a contestant or the public for any one or more of the following reasons:
- (a) injuries, cuts, or other physical or mental conditions that would endanger the health, safety, or welfare of a contestant if the contestant were to continue with the competition.
 - (b) one-sided nature of the contest;
 - (c) refusal or inability of a contestant to reasonably compete; and
 - (d) refusal or inability of a contestant to comply with the rules of the contest.
- (2) If a referee stops a contest, the referee shall disqualify the contestant, where appropriate, and recommend to the designated Commission member that the purse of that professional contestant be withheld pending an impoundment decision in accordance with Section 63C-11-321.
- (3) The designated Commission member may stop a contest at any stage in the contest when there is a significant question with respect to the contest, the contestant, or any other licensee associated with the contest, and determine whether the purse should be withheld pursuant to Section 63C-11-321.

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